

RATIMOR®

Difenacoum

0,05g/kg

GB RATIMOR DIFENACOUM FRESH BAIT

Directions for use:

Place bait where there are signs of rodent activity, like fresh droppings, inside or near nests and burrows, runways and rodent feeding places. Place bait points throughout the infested area. It is generally much more efficient to use a larger number of small bait points compared to a smaller number of large bait points. Large bait points increase the risk to wild-life and to other non-target animals.

► For rat infestations use bait points of up to 200 g. Place bait points 10m apart reducing to 5m in high infestations. Do not move or disturb bait points for several days after laying bait. If no signs of rat activity are seen near the bait after 7-10 days, move the bait to an area of higher rat activity. For rat infestations in sewers use bait points of up to 200 g.

To be used only by professional users holding certification demonstrating compliance with UK rodenticide stewardship regime requirements. Read the label before use. Using this product in a manner that is inconsistent with the label may be an offence. Refer to the CRRU UK Code of Best Practice (or equivalent) for guidance. When this product is supplied to a user for the control of rodents, it shall only be supplied to a professional user holding certification demonstrating compliance with UK rodenticide stewardship regime requirements. In case of using the product in sewers, bait should be placed in such a way to protect from flooding or displacement. Wash hands and exposed skin before meals and after use. Keep locked up and out of the reach of children. The product may be applied by professional users only when appropriate chemical resistant gloves (EN374) are used. Unless under the supervision of a pest control operator or other competent person, do not use anticoagulant rodenticides as permanent baits. In most cases, anticoagulant bait should have achieved control within 35 days. Should activity continue beyond this time, the likely cause should be determined. Prevent access to bait by children, birds and non-target animals (particularly dogs, cats, pigs and poultry). The resistance status of the target population should be taken into account when considering the choice of rodenticide to be used. In those areas where evidence of resistance to specific active ingredients is suspected, avoid their use. To control the spreading of resistance, it is advisable to alternate baits containing different anticoagulant active ingredients. Baits must be securely deposited in a way so as to minimize the risk of consumption by other animals or children. Where possible, secure baits so that they cannot be dragged away. For products to be used in public areas the following safety precaution shall be carried on the label, packaging or accompanying leaflet:

► When the product is being used in public areas, the areas treated must be marked during the treatment period and a notice explaining the risk of primary or secondary poisoning by the anticoagulant as well as indicating the first measures to be taken in case of poisoning must be made available alongside the baits. When tamper resistant bait stations are used, they should be clearly marked to show that they contain rodenticides and that they should not be disturbed.

Search for and remove dead rodents at frequent intervals during treatment, at least as often as when baits are checked and/or replenished. Daily inspection may be required in some circumstances.

Dispose of dead rodents in accordance with local requirements. In the UK, poisoned rodents should be disposed of at a suitably permitted incinerator, landfill or burial site by the waste producer or a registered waste carrier. For further information on disposal contact the Environment Agency (<http://www.environment-agency.gov.uk/>) or SEPA (<http://www.sepa.org.uk/>).

Antidote vitamin K1 (under medical supervision). UK medical professionals should contact the National Poisons Information Service (www.npis.org) for further advice.

First aid: Difenacoum is an anticoagulant which may produce bleeding; this may be delayed for several days after exposure. If there is no active bleeding the INR (prothrombin time) should be measured

Fresh bait
Rodenticide
80g



Professional
Solutions

4 kg



on presentation and 48-72 hours after exposure. If the INR is greater than 4, administer Vitamin K1 (phytonadione) 5-10 mg by slow intravenous injection (100 µg/kg body weight for a child). Treatment with phytonadione (orally or intravenously) may be required for several weeks. The advice of the National Poisons Information Service (<http://www.npis.org/>) should be sought, particularly if active bleeding occurs. In case of accident, or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible). In case of contact with skin, wash with soap and water. Remove and launder any contaminated clothing. In case of contact with eyes, remove contact lenses if present and rinse the eye slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Seek medical advice immediately. In case of ingestion or if swallowed seek medical advice immediately. **Storage:** Keep in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area. Keep away from oxidising agents. Store only in original container. **Disposal:** Remove all baits after treatment and dispose of them in accordance with local requirements. Dead rodents and bait found outside bait stations should be disposed of using protective gloves. Professionals: In the UK for information on disposal contact the Environment Agency (<http://www.environment-agency.gov.uk/>) or SEPA (<http://www.sepa.org.uk/>).

Active substance: difenacoum 0.005 % (CAS no.: 56073-07-5)

Contains the human aversive agent denatonium benzoate, Bitrex.

(Bitrex is a Trade Mark of MacFarlan Smith, Edinburgh)

Ready-for-use bait for the control of rats in and around buildings and in sewers.

For use only as a rodenticide. • For professional use only.

Precautionary statements: If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. Keep out of reach of children. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wear protective gloves. If SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician. Store locked up.

Authorization number: UK-2011-0150

This product is approved under Biocidal Product Regulations 2001 for use as directed.

Read label before use.

MANUFACTURER AND APPROVAL HOLDER:

UNICHEM d.o.o.

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DISTRIBUTOR:

Killgerm

Killgerm Chemicals Ltd, P.O. BOX 2, Ossett, West

Yorkshire, WF5 9NA, UK, Tel.: 01924 268 400,

Fax: 01924 264 757. <http://www.Killgerm.com>

CONTAINS: 4 kg

DATE OF MANUFACTURE, DATE OF EXPIRY AND BATCH NUMBER

are printed on the packaging. The product has a shelf life of up to 2 years.



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